Design and Analysis Effect of Gantry Angle Photon Beam 4 MV on Dose Distributions using Monte Carlo Method EGSnrc Code System

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Abstract

Varian linac modeling has been carried out to obtain Percentage Depth Dose (PDD) and profiles using variations gantry angle 0º, 15º, 30º, 45º in the vertical axis of the surface, field size 10x10 cm², photon beam 4 MV and Monte Carlo simulations. Percentage Depth Dose and profile illustrates dose distributions in a phantom water measuring 40x40x40 cm³, changes gantry is one of the factors that determine the distribution of the dose to the patient research shows changes in Dmax in the Percentage Depth Dose is affected by changes in the angle gantry resulted in the addition of the area build up so it can be used for therapy in the region and produce skin sparing effects that can be used to protect the skin from exposure to radiation. The graph result is profiles obtained show lack simetrisan in areas positive quadrant has a distribution of fewer doses than the quadrant of negative as well as the slope of the surface so that it can be used for some cases treatments that require a depth and a certain slope, dose calculations are more accurate and can minimize side effects.

Keywords: Plane Varian Linac, Percentage Depth Dose, Profile, Gantry, and Monte Carlo.

INTRODUCTION

Cancer is cell that change undergoing abnormal growth, uncontrolled and included the most dreaded diseases [1]. Radiotherapy is a type of cancer treatment that uses radiation, it sources can be obtained from artificial or natural light. One of the tools used in radiotherapy is the best LINAC (Linear Accelerator), which serves to accelerate charged particles in radiation therapy maximum dose obtained should be right in the cancer tissue and the tissue healthy got a very low dose to avoid side effects on healthy tissue, the process calibration and therapy planning system to Linac using Monte carlo modeling.

Previous studies have been conducted by Agung Nugroho Oktavianto in 2010 using the best Linac Electa precise variation gantry, a wide variation of pitch, X-ray beam 6 MV, with reconstruction TPS and simulation monte carlo right to a certain angle must not exceed the broad field 15x15 cm² and 30x30 cm² [2], in this experimet I use the comprehensive updates using a 10x10 cm² field.

THEORY/CALCULATION

Linac is a tool used to accelerate the particles used for the treatment of cancer using radiation sources with the principle of providing maximum dose in cancer cells and minimized in healthy cells at around [3].

the photon beam of high-energy electron beam is passed to the target. The target is brake by an accelerated electrons generate Bremsstrahlung. Bremsstrahlung photons with energy spectrum is
continuous. Creation of a photon having a high intensity in the direction of the axis of the target. The maximum energy of the photon will be equal to the energy of electrons coming fired at the target. The photon will be forwarded past the Primary collimator toward the carrousel. Part carrousel will issue flattering filter. It made from stainless steel are designed to achieve flatness is required. Then photons it results forwarded to the ion chamber to form the dose of photons in the number of Monitor Unit (MU). Then forwarded to the secondary collimator to get more photons in the MU flat. The final results will be out of the photons in the linac called gantry, which rotates around the patient.

Monte Carlo (MC) is a method that uses the principle of random numbers that are well suited to simulate the interactions of particles that are stochastic. Monte Carlo describes the life of the particle, the particles ranging from the birth, life to death. One of the programs that uses the Monte Carlo method EGS Code System with new version of EGSnrc. EGSnrc is quite easy to use with Graphical User Interface (GUI) [5]. EGSnrc has several user code, including BEAMnrc for particle transport simulation on geometry and radiation treatment head DOSXYZnrc for modeling particle transport in voxel phantom which has been prepared in a 3D direction.

EXPERIMENTAL METHOD

Make the design of linac head can be done in software BEAMnrc output processing using BEAMDP, BEAMDP output can be used for analysis of the results of running BEAMnrc phase space in the form of data files (phsp). DOSXYZnrc can be used to design a phantom to see how the dose distribution in the phantom. Then do the survey parameters in this study used a variation of the gantry angle to see the effect on the distribution of the dose.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

It has been made head of design variants linac 4 MV photon energy, broad field 10x10 cm2, and variations gantry 0°, 15°, 30° and 45° using a program that requires BEAMnrc then simulated particle history and time.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Simulation</th>
<th>Half life</th>
<th>Simulation Time</th>
<th>Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Head Linac section 1</td>
<td>14.3 days</td>
<td>20,526 Hour</td>
<td>Serial 1 core</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Head Linac section 2</td>
<td>25 days</td>
<td>123,156 Hour</td>
<td>Serial 1 core</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

So come by fluence distribution and its energy as photon beam characteristics of these characteristics that can not be seen in the direct...
phantom creation to the size of 40x40x40 cm³ of water (H₂O) using DOSXYZnrc and changes gantry so as to obtain results Percentage Depth Dose to the z-axis and the profile for the XY axis in order to get the following curve:

It can be seen from the graph above the maximal dose changes with depth look quite striking changes to make it easier we can see in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No</th>
<th>Angle(°)</th>
<th>Dmax (cm)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0,6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The results showed changes in the Percentage Depth Dose Dmax which is affected by changes resulting in additional gantry angle, the build up area so that it can used for therapy in the area.

The profile graph results obtained show lack symmetry the positive quadrant area has distribution fewer doses than the quadrant of negative as well as the slope of the surface so that it can be used for some cases treatments that require a depth and a certain slope,

In fact in cases radiotherapy requires not only a radiation flat or require a certain slope to protect healthy tissue because the cancer cells are in the blood that are difficult to reach and located near vital organs so that this data can be used as comparative data in radiotherapy.

CONCLUSION

The linac head procedure designs using energy photon 4 MV model Varian Clinac iX, spacious 10x10 cm² field, the head of his linac simulated using BEAMnrc program, and using a water phantom measuring 40x40x40 cm³ simulated using DOSXYZnrc. With gantry variation of 0°, 15°, 30°, 45°, 60° resulting in depth dmax in PDD and nuisance symmetry major axis of the profile so that it can be used for cases of radiation on sloping areas to protect healthy tissue or reduce the risk.

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REFERENCES